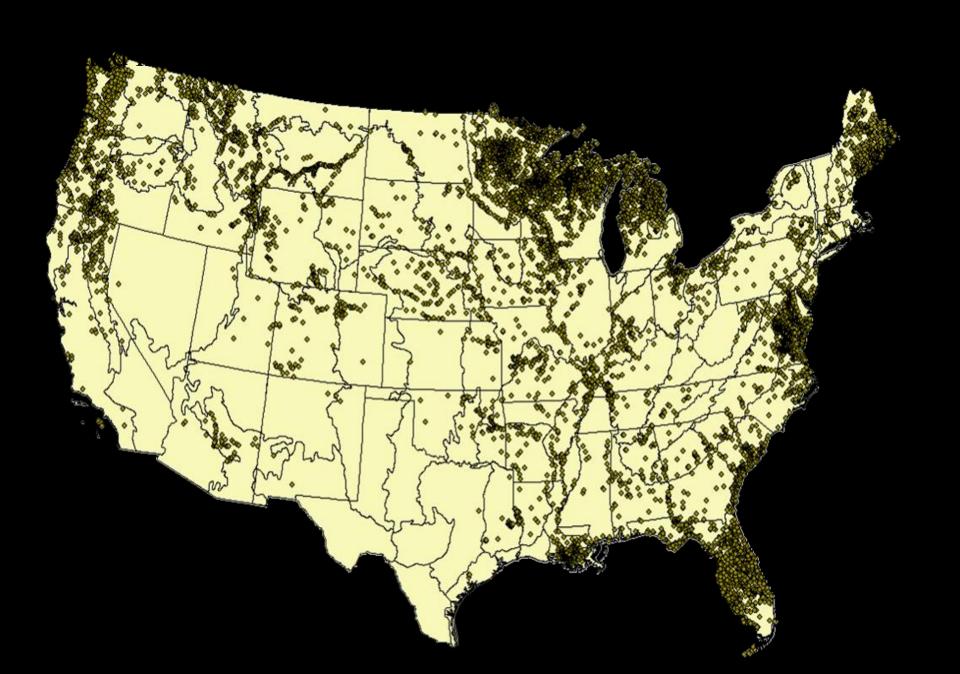
Arizona's Bald Eagle Management Program

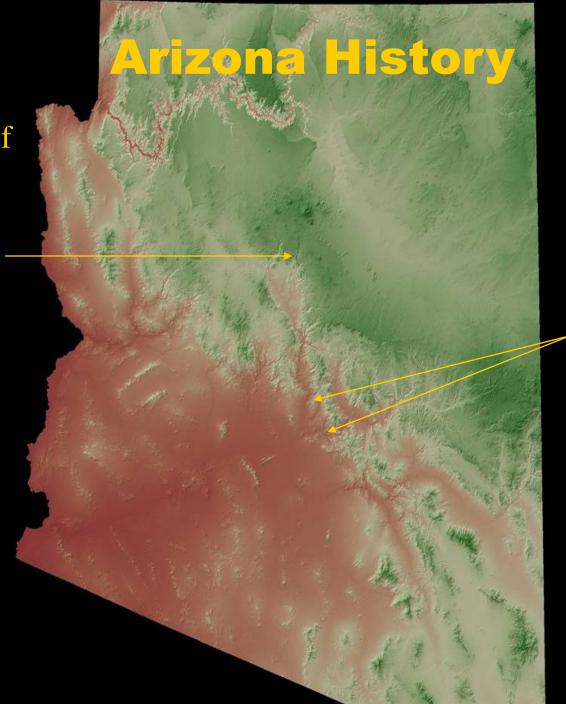


History of Bald Eagles in North America

- First known records
 - Remains 670,000 to 780,000 years old
 - 250,000 to 500,000 bald eagles
- Declines in bald eagle populations
 - Decline in prey base
 - Poisoning
 - Humans
 - DDT



First record of a bald eagle breeding in Arizona. – Stoneman Lake 1890.

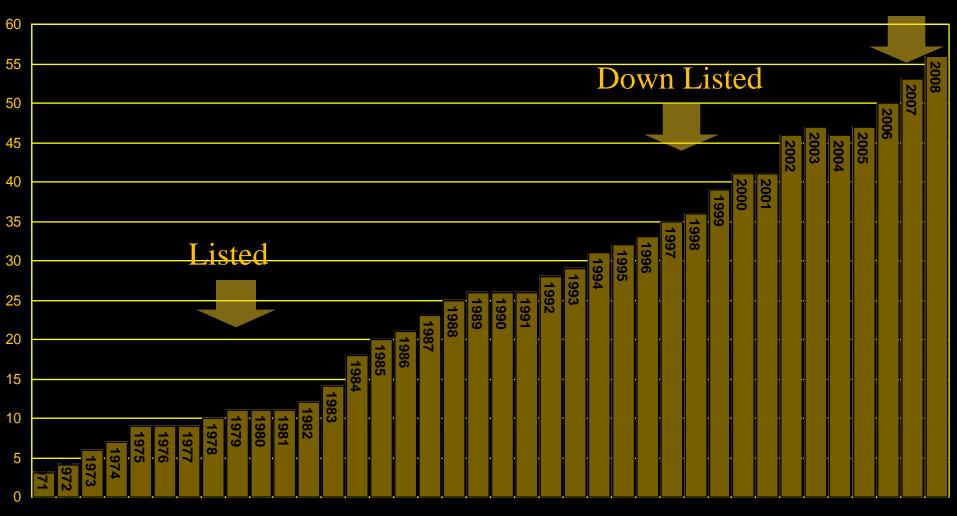


First records of bald eagles breeding in the desert.
Bartlett and Saguaro Lakes 1930s.

Arizona's Bald Eagle Population

Number of Breeding Areas

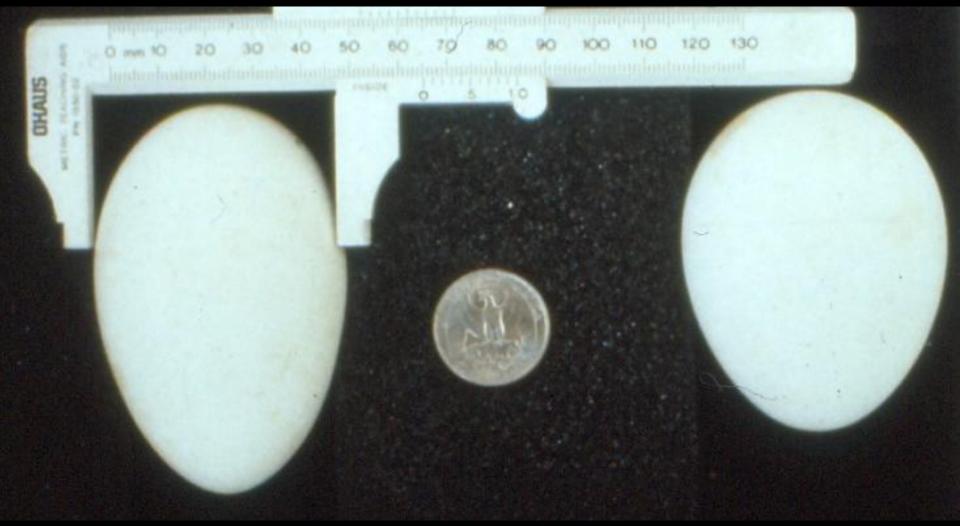
De-Listed







Egg Stage ~ 35 days



5 Days



3 Weeks



4.5 Weeks



5 Weeks

5 Weeks

5.5 Weeks





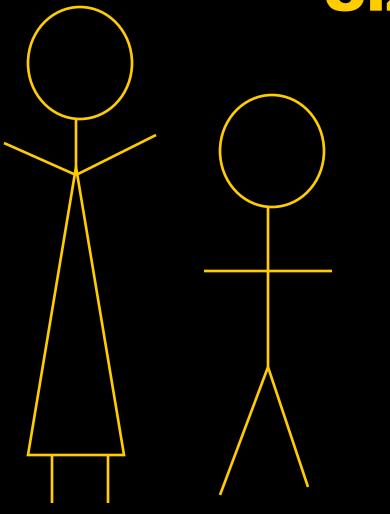




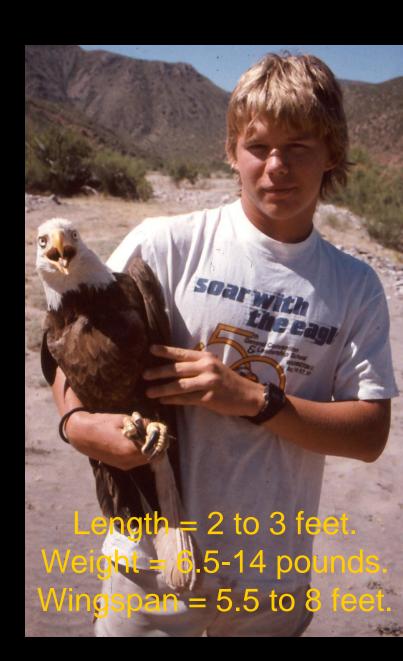




Size



Females are 1/3 bigger than males



Where Do they Call Home

Most nest within 1 mile of water.

Along the Rivers and Creeks of the Desert

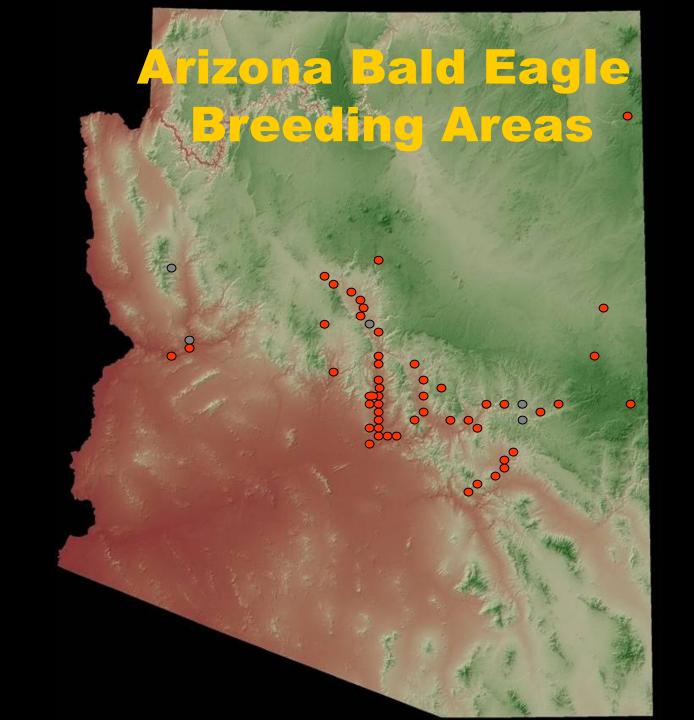


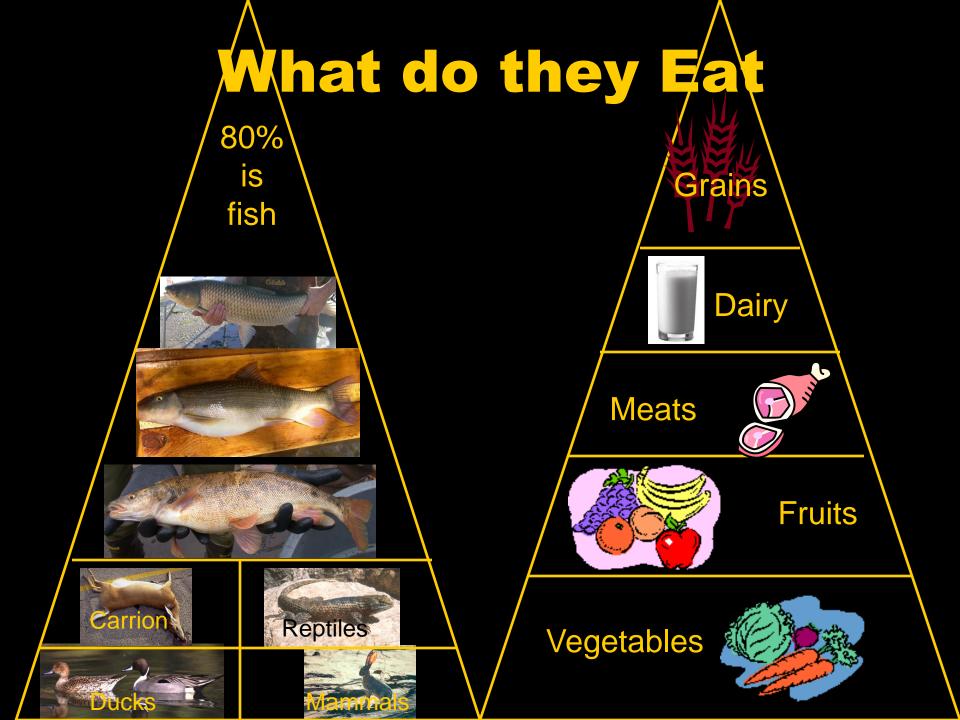
Ponderosa Pine Forests



Mixed Conifer Forests







When do they Nest



Courtship November to January.

Egg laying
Timed with the fish spawns?

December to March.



Hatching
35 days after egg laying
February to April.

Fledging
12 weeks after hatching
April to June.



Migration
45 days after fledging
May to July.





Southwestern Bald Eagle Management Committee

- Arizona Game and Fish Department Chair
- Arizona Department of Transportation
- Arizona Public Service
- Arizona State Parks
- Army Corps of Engineers
- Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Bureau of Land Management
- Bureau of Reclamation
- Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation
- GeoMarine Incorporated
- The Hopi Tribe
- Maricopa County Parks and Recreation Department
- National Park Service
- Navajo Nation
- Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community
- Salt River Project
- San Carlos Apache Tribe
- Tonto Apache Tribe
- U.S. Department of Defense
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- U.S. Forest Service
- White Mountain Apache Tribe



Arizona Bald Eagle Management Program

- Southwestern Bald Eagle **Management Committee**
- Nestwatch Program
- **Nest Search**
- Visual Identification and **Banding Project**
- Winter Count
- Occupancy and Reproductive Assessment Flights
- and Parasite Analysis



Arizona Bald Eagle Nestwatch Program

- Goals
 - Education
 - Data Collection
 - Conservation
- Personnel
 - 20 contractors
 - 10 15 breeding areas
 - Stationed at high recreational use areas.







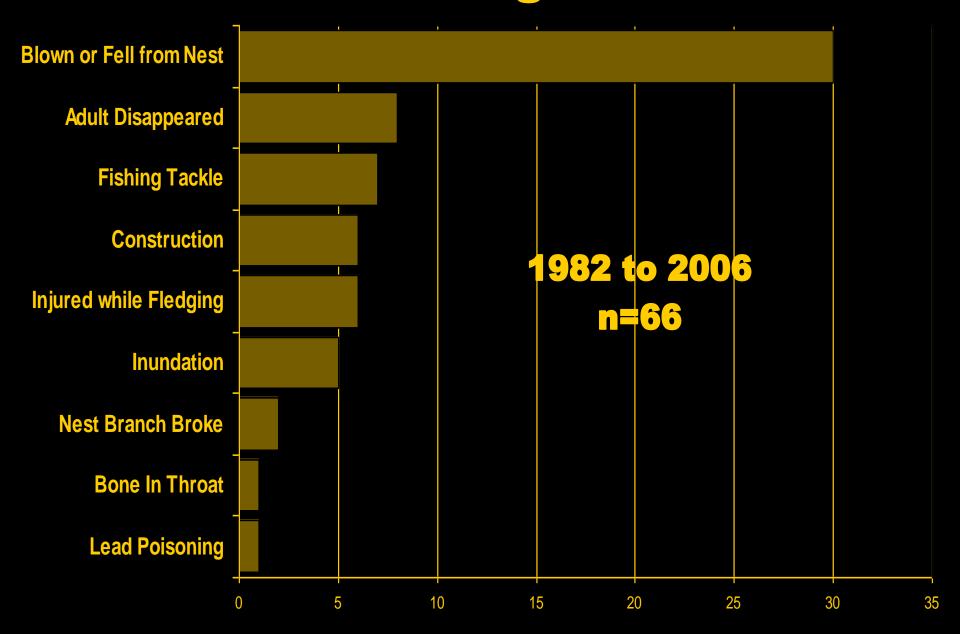








Conservation through Intervention













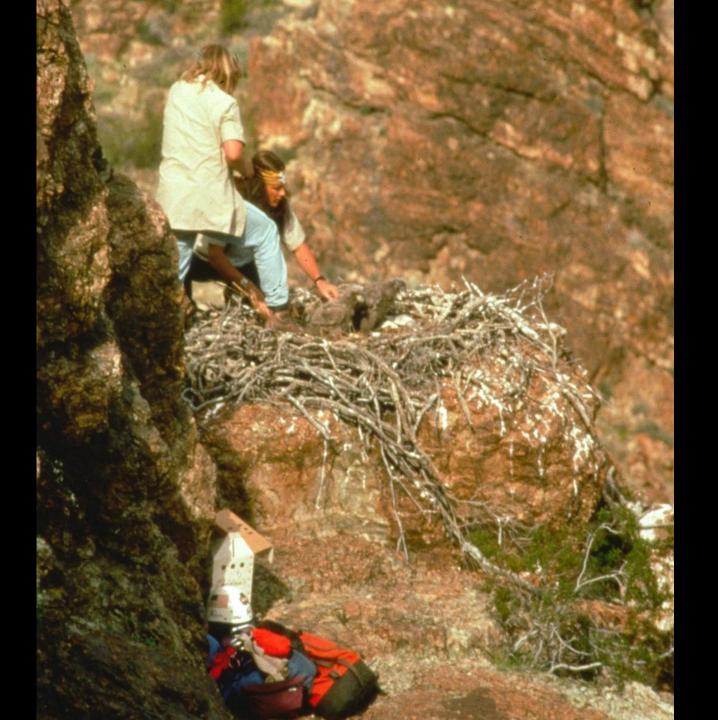




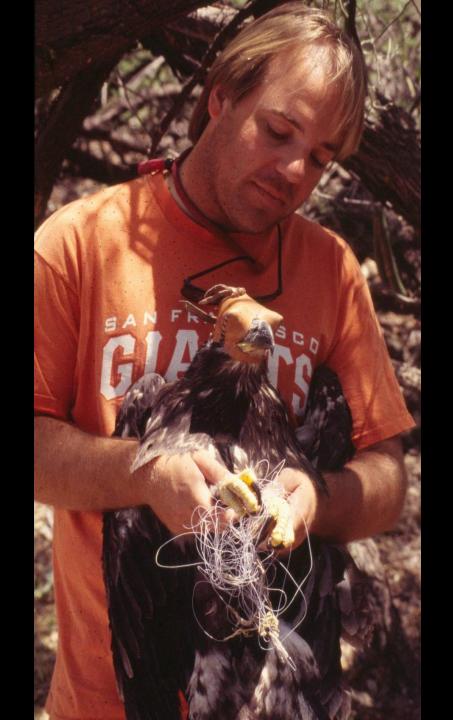














Monofilament Recovery Program



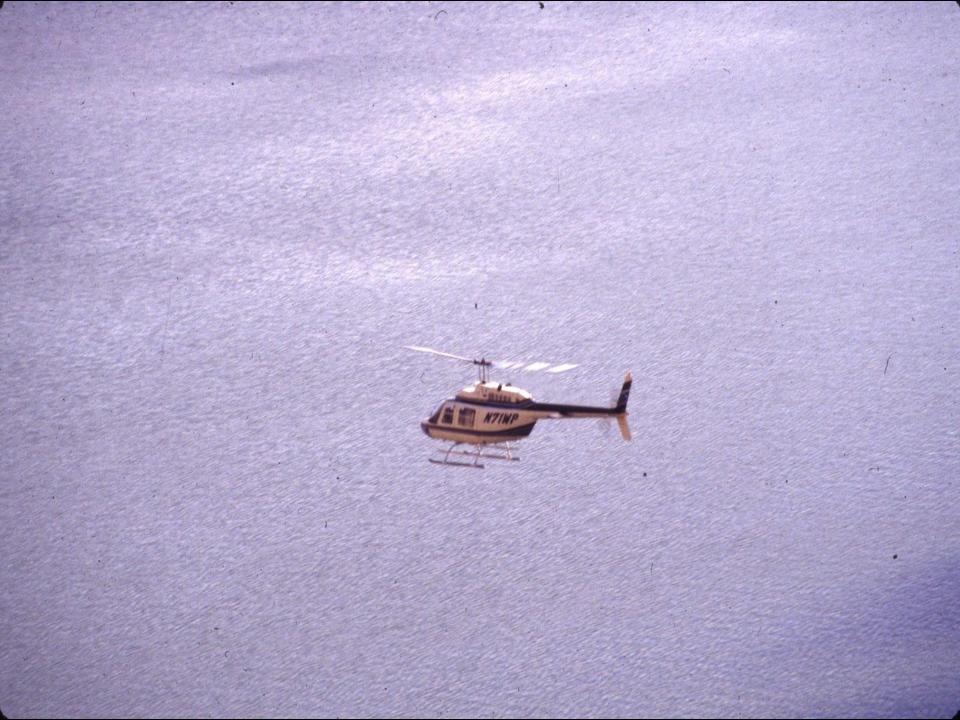




Visual Identification and Banding Project

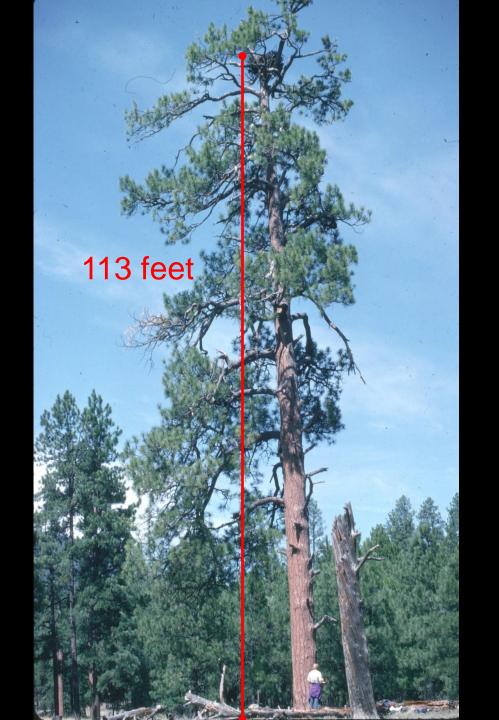
- Determine natal origin of breeding adults.
- Distribution of Arizona bald eagles throughout their breeding range.
- Replacements, immigration, and emigration into the breeding population.
- Movements within Arizona's population.
- Occurrence of inbreeding and level of isolation in Arizona.
- Age of first breeding, longevity and tenure within a pair.
- Evidence for or against a distinct vertebrate population classification.

























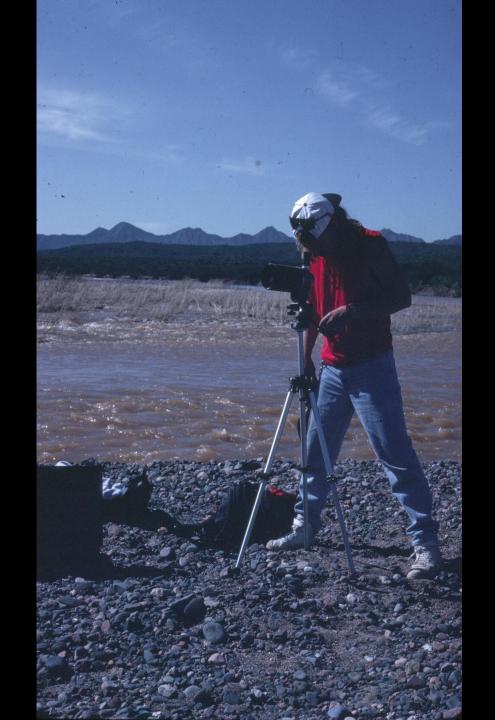




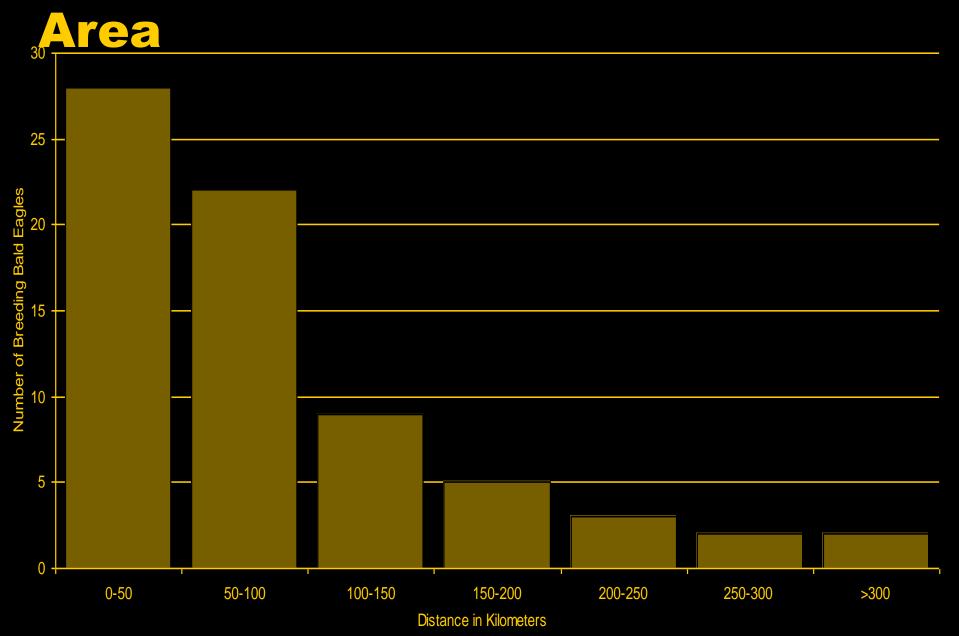








Breeding Distance from Natal





Laws Protecting Bald Eagles

- 1900 Lacey Act
 - Felony
 - 5 years imprisonment
 - \$250,000 per person
 - \$500,000 per organization
 - Misdemeanor
 - 1 year imprisonment
 - \$100,000 per person
 - \$200,000 per organization
- 1918 Migratory Bird Treaty Act
 - Felony
 - 2 years imprisonment
 - \$250,000 per person
 - \$500,000 per organization
 - Misdemeanor
 - · 6 months imprisonment
 - \$5,000 per person
 - \$10,000 per organization
- 1940 The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act.
 - Felony
 - 2 years imprisonment
 - \$250,000 per person
 - \$500,000 per organization
 - Misdemeanor
 - 1 year imprisonment
 - \$100,000 per person
 - \$200,000 per organization